

Defining Communication

communication: a process by which information is exchanged between individuals

through a common system of symbols, signs, or behavior.

Simply put: the exchange of ideas.

Why Communicate

We communicate for 3 reasons:

- 1. To Influence.
- 2. To Educate.
- 3. To Connect.



Facts About Communication

Communication is the foundation of any good business and is constant every day:

- The average businessperson sends and receives 112 emails per day (42% of which are ignored.) [1]
- The average person speaks at 125 words per minute, but can listen to 400 words per minute. [2]
- Studies suggest we spend as much as 80% of our waking hours in some form of communication. 9% of that time is spent writing, 16% reading, 30% speaking, and 45% listening [3]
- [1] The State of Email Communication, Via680.
- [2] Communicating at Work, Tony Alessandra.
- [3] Listening: Our Most Used Communication Skill, Dick Lee & Delmar Hatesohl.

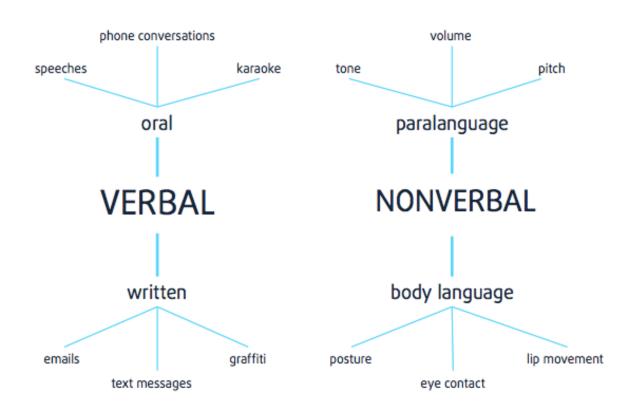
Examples of Communication

The most common forms of business communication include:

Email * Documents * Conversations * Presentations * Training Instant Message * Text Message * Phone Call * Virtual Call Meetings * Happy Hours * Water Cooler * Telepathy



Types of Communication



Sending & Receiving

Traits of Good Sending

Relevant. Tell the person why it matters. Relatable. Describe it so they get it. *Specific.* Share only what is necessary. Memorable. Stand out from the rest.

So remember to TALK:

Take Ownership Adjust to Person Listen for Feedback Keep It Simple

Traits of Good Receiving

Sincere. Actually care to listen. Patient. Don't make assumptions. *Empathic.* Reflect content & feelings. Focused. Prevent distractions.

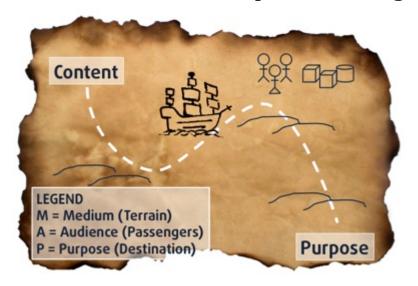
So remember to LSTN:

Listen to Understand **S**hare Feedback **T**each the Person **N**ote All Communication



Communication MAP

Medium + Audience + Purpose → **Message**



Purpose

1. To Influence

Explain why: "Because" is one of the most powerful words in the English language.

2. To Educate

Use analogies: Humans naturally learn through association.

3. To Connect

Share experiences: People become closer through shared memories and connections.

Audience

- **Know Who They Are.** Managers? Coworkers? Direct Reports?
- **Know What They Know.** Everything? Nothing? A little bit of this and that?
- **Know What They Expect.** To be sold? To be influenced? To be educated?
- **Know What They Need.** To learn? To buy? To understand?

Medium

Mediums = Email | Documents | Meetings | Presentations







Document Tips

SENDING & RECEIVING

- 1. Be Concise. Limit each email to one topic and be brief. Start with the most important information up top.
- **2. Send Judiciously.** Send to as few people as possible and write as if it will be on the cover of the NY Times.
- 3. Batch Process. Check email at set times throughout the day instead of constantly monitoring it.
- **4. Touch Only Once.** When you read an email: File it, Act on it, Delegate it, or Delete it (don't just let it sit).
- 5. **Use Humor.** End long emails with a joke or include a pronunciation key for your last name in your signature.

WRITING & READING

- 1. Write Confidently. Remove modifiers, use the active voice, avoid jargon, and take ownership of what you write.
- 2. Format for Comprehension. Use Headers, Lists, and Formatting to improve readability.
- 3. Define Action Items. Decide what you need to do (if anything) after reading the document.
- **4. File or Delete.** Prevent clutter from accumulating and immediately archive the document or delete it.
- **5. Use Humor.** Include hidden messages in the text or challenge yourself to find grammatical errors while reading.



Meeting Tips



Presentation Tips

ORGANIZING & ATTENDING

- 1. Start w/ Goals; End w/ Action. Start each meeting with the agenda. End each meeting with action items.
- 2. Use Only What You Need. Start on time; End on time; Keep people from taking too much time.
- **3. Pay Attention.** Avoid multitasking, listen with your whole body, and take meeting notes to stay engaged.
- 4. Confirm Your Understanding. Ask questions and clarify your purpose for being in that meeting.
- 5. **Use Humor.** Start meetings with an interesting question, toss a ball during discussions, or play meeting bingo.

PRESENTING & LISTENING

- 1. Speak Confidently. Exhibit passion and present with confident body and paralanguage.
- 2. Provide Supporting Materials. Use slides to reinforce your words, not repeat them.
- 3. Take It Personally. Write down what you want to do differently as a result of seeing the presentation.
- **4. Take Notes.** Increase the amount you remember by taking notes by hand or by computer.
- **5. Use Humor.** Come up with your own mnemonics or teach someone else a key learning.